

# ZGPAT

**PDB:**4II1

## Revision

**Revision Type:**created

**Revised by:**created

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**Entry Clone Accession:**Q8N5A5

**Entry Clone Source:**MGC : AT56-C11

**SGC Clone Accession:**ZGPAT \_27 (JMC041:B06): E120-P268

**Tag:**N-terminal tag: MHHHHHHSSGRENLYFQG

**Host:**E. coli BL21(DE3)-V2R-pRARE2

## Construct

**Prelude:**

**Sequence:**

MHHHHHHSSGRENLYFQG EEEGEDEEEELSGTKVSAPYYSSWGTLEYHNAMVVGTEEAEDGSAGVRVLYLYPTHKSLKPCPFFLEGK  
CRFKENCRFSHGQVVSLLDELRPFQDPDLSSLQAGSACLAHKQDGLWHAARITDVNDNGYYTVKFDSLLREAVVEGDGILPP

**Vector:**pET28-MHL

## Growth

**Medium:**

**Antibiotics:**

**Procedure:**A fresh transformation was used to inoculate 50 mL LB media containing 50 µg/mL kanamycin and 30 µg/mL chloramphenicol. The culture was grown overnight at 37°C with shaking. The next day this starter culture was used to inoculate 2L of TB growth medium. The culture was grown in LEX at 37°C to OD600 of 1. IPTG-based induction was carried out according to the manufacturer's protocol. The temperature was reduced to 14°C and the culture was incubated for a further 18 hours before harvesting the cells.

## Purification

**Procedure**

IMAC: Unclarified lysate was mixed with 2 mL of Ni-NTA superflow Resin (Qiagen) per 40 mL lysate. The mixture was incubated with mixing for at least 45 minutes at 4°C. The mixture was then loaded onto an empty column (BioRad) and washed with 50 mL wash buffer. Samples were eluted from the resin by exposure to 2-3 column volumes (approx. 10-15 mL) of elution buffer. Concentration of eluted protein was estimated by OD280.

**Gel filtration chromatography:** An XK 26x65 column (GE Healthcare) packed with HighLoad Superdex 75 resin (GE Healthcare) was pre-equilibrated with gel filtration buffer for 1.5 column volumes using an AKTA explorer (GE Healthcare) at a flow rate of 1.0 mL/min. The dialyzed sample from the IMAC step (approx. 15 mL) was loaded onto the column at 1.5 mL/min, and 2mL fractions were collected into 96-well plates (VWR 40002-012) using peak fractionation protocols. Fractions observed by a UV absorption chromatogram to contain the protein were pooled.

## **Extraction**

### **Procedure**

Cells were harvested by centrifugation and pellets were stored in -80°C. Prior to purification, the cell pellet was resuspended in lysis buffer. Cells were disrupted by sonication (10 minutes) and samples were centrifuged for 60 min at 70000 g.

**Concentration:** Purified proteins were concentrated using 15 mL concentrators with a 3,000 molecular weight cut-off (Amicon Ultra-15, UFC900524, Millipore) at 3750 rpm, typically resulting in a final concentration around 10mg/mL.

### **Ligand**

### **MassSpec:**

**Crystallization:** Recombinant human Zinc finger domain of ZGPAT was crystallized using the sitting dropvapour diffusion method at 18 °C. The crystals were obtained in a buffer containing. Crystals were soaked in a cryoprotectant consisting of 100% reservoir solution and 15% glycerol.

### **NMR Spectroscopy:**

### **Data Collection:**

### **Data Processing:**