

CDKL5

PDB:4BGQ

Revision

Revision Type:created

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Entry Clone Accession:GI:4507281

Entry Clone Source:Site-directed mutagenesis

SGC Clone Accession:CDKL5A-c014

Tag:MGHHHHHHSSGVDLGTENLYFQ*S, TEV-cleavable (*) C-terminal hexahistidine tag.

Host:SF9 Spodoptera frugiperda Insect cells

Construct

Prelude:

Sequence:

MGHHHHHHSSGVDLGTENLYFQSMKIPNIGNVMNKFIELGVGEGAYGVVLKCRHKETHEIVAIKKFDSEENEEVKETTLRELKML
RTLKQENIVELKEAFRRRGKLYLVFEYVEKNMLEELLEEMPNGVPPEKVKSYIYQLIKAIHWCHKNDIVHRDIKPENLLISHNDVLKL
CDFGFARNLSEGNNAKYDEEVATRWYRSPELLGAPYGKSVDMWVGCGILGELSDGQPLFPGESEIDQLFTIQKVVLGPLSEQMKLF
YSNPRFHGLRFPAVNHPSLERRYLGILNSVLLDMKNLLKLDPADRYLTEQCLNHPTFQTQRLL

Vector:pFB-LIC-Bse

Growth

Medium:2 L of SF9 cells at a density of 2million/ml were infected with 10ml of Virus/L. Cells were incubated at 27°C in the shaker incubator and harvested after 48 hours. Cells were harvested by centrifugation at 900xG at 4°C for 15 min. Cell pellets from each flask (11 volume) were resuspended in 15ml binding buffer, transferred to 50ml tubes, and stored at -20°C.

Antibiotics:

Procedure:

Purification

Buffers

Procedure

Extraction

Buffers

Procedure

Binding buffer: 50 mM HEPES, pH 7.5; 500 mM NaCl; 5 mM Imidazole; 5% Glycerol. Extraction buffer, extraction method: The frozen cells were thawed and protease inhibitor SET V (Calbiochem) added to the cell suspension at 1:1000 dilution. The cells were lysed by high pressure homogenization in an Emulsiflex C5 cell homogeniser. Polyethyleneimine (PEI) was added to a final concentration of 0.5% to precipitate DNA. The cell lysate was clarified by centrifugation at 21,000 rpm at 4°C for 1 h and filtered using syringe filters with a 1.2µm pore size. Column 1: Ni-Affinity Chromatography □ 2ml Ni-sepharose slurry applied to a 1.5 x 10 cm column. Buffers: Binding buffer: 50mM HEPES, pH 7.5; 500mM NaCl; 5% Glycerol; 5mM Imidazole Elution buffer: 50mM HEPES, pH 7.5; 500mM NaCl; 5% Glycerol; 50 to 500mM Imidazole Procedure: 2ml of 50 % Ni-sepharose slurry (Amersham) was equilibrated in binding buffer and added to the filtered lysate, which was incubated with the Ni-sepharose for 1 hour at 4°C with slow rotation to maximize binding. The lysate was then applied to a 1.5 x 10 cm column by gravity flow. The remaining resin was then washed with 2x50ml binding buffer to remove nonspecifically binding proteins. The bound target protein was eluted by applying a step gradient of imidazole (5 ml fractions of elution buffer supplemented with 50mM and 500mM imidazole). The protein content of collected fractions was visualized using SDS-PAGE and fractions containing CDKL5A were pooled. Enzymatic treatment: TEV protease cleavage. Pooled fractions were treated with TEV protease overnight at 4°C. Column 2: Size Exclusion Chromatography □ S75 HiLoad 26/60 Superdex run on ÄKTAprime. Buffer: Gel Filtration buffer: 10mM HEPES pH7.5, 500mM NaCl, 5% Glycerol, 1mM TCEP Procedure: Prior to applying the protein, the S75 26/60 column was washed and equilibrated with gel filtration buffer. Eluted protein from Ni-sepharose column was concentrated to 2ml using an Amicon Ultra-15 filter with a 10kDa cut-off. The concentrated protein was directly applied onto the equilibrated S75 26/60 column, and run at a flow-rate of 2.5 ml/min. 3ml fractions were collected and visualized using SDS-PAGE. Those containing CDKL5A were pooled.

Concentration: The protein was concentrated to a final concentration of 9mg/ml (measured by OD280 based on extinction coefficient 32890) in an Amicon Ultra-15 filter with a 10 kDa cut-off.

Ligand

MassSpec: The purified protein was homogeneous and had an experimental mass of 35183.5 Da. The theoretical expected mass from the construct sequence is 35182.8 Da. Masses were determined by LC-MS, using an Agilent LC/MSD TOF system with reversed-phase HPLC coupled to electrospray ionisation and an orthogonal time-of-flight mass analyser. Proteins were desalted prior to mass spectrometry by rapid elution off a C3 column with a gradient of 5-95% methanol in water with 0.1% formic acid.

Crystallization: Protein at 10mg/ml was buffered in 10mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 500mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 1 mM TCEP. 2-[4-(4-[(5-cyclopentyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)amino]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]phenyl]acetonitrile (pan-kinase inhibitor ASC67) was added to the final sample. Crystals were grown at 4°C in 150 nl sitting drops mixing 50 nL protein solution with 100 nL of a reservoir solution containing 15% PEG medium-MW smear, 0.1M tris pH 8.0, 0.075M sodium acetate and 0.15M sodium chloride. On mounting crystals were cryo-protected with an additional 25% ethylene glycol.

NMR Spectroscopy:

Data Collection: Resolution: 2 Å □ X-ray source: Diamond I03 Crystals of CDKL5A diffracted to a resolution of 2 Å □ (scaled resolution). A full dataset was collected at 100 K on Diamond Light Source beamline I03. Crystals belonged to the Orthorhombic space group P212121 with unit-cell parameters $a=52$ Å □ $b=65.5$ Å □ $c=102.9$ Å □, $\alpha=90^\circ$ $\beta=90^\circ$ $\gamma=90^\circ$. Only one molecule was present in the asymmetric unit. Data were indexed and integrated using XDS and scaled using AIMLESS. Phases were found using molecular replacement in PHASER.

PHENIX.SCULPTOR was used to optimize PDB entry 4BBM for use as a search model. The structure was built using PHENIX.AUTOBUILD and then refined and modified using alternate

rounds of REFMAC5 and COOT. The final model was validated using MOLPROBITY.

Data Processing: