

MLL5

PDB:2LV9

Revision

Revision Type:created

Revised by:created

Revision Date:created

Entry Clone Accession:

Entry Clone Source:

SGC Clone Accession:

Tag:

Host:

Construct

Prelude:Cloning. The DNA fragment encoding the PHD domain (residues 109-188) of human MLL5 (NP_061152, GI:91199543) was amplified by PCR and cloned into the pET28-MHL vector (GenBank, EF456735) using Infusiondry-down PCR cloning, downstream of the poly-histidine coding region.

Sequence:

MHHHHHHSSGRENLYFQG-SEDGSYGTDVTRCICGFTHDDGYMICCDKCSVWQHIDCMGIDRQHIPDTYLCERCQPRNLDKERAVLL
QRRKRENMSDGD MW= 11497.77 g/mol; the region left of the "-" sign is derived from the vector

Vector:pET28-MHL vector (GenBank, EF456735)

Growth

Medium:

Antibiotics:

Procedure:Competent BL21 (DE3) cells (Invitrogen, C6000-03) were transformed and incubated overnight (18 hours) at 220 rpm at 37°C in a 125 ml flask containing 50 ml of M9 minimal media (100 uM ZnSO4, 8.55 mM NaCl, 47.6 mM Na2HPO4, 22 mM KH2PO4, 100 mM MgSO4, 2 mM biotin, 1.5 mM thiamine.HCl, 10 mM ZnSO4, and 0.1 M CaCl2) supplemented with 15NH4Cl, 13C6-D-glucose, and 50 µg/ml kanamycin. The overnight starter culture was transferred to a 2 L flask containing 1 L of M9 minimal media supplemented with 15NH4Cl, 13C6-D-glucose, and 50 µg/ml kanamycin, and incubated at 37°C. When the OD(600) reached a value of 1.0, protein expression was induced with 100 µM isopropyl-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside and the cells were incubated overnight (15.5 hours) at 220 rpm at 15°C. Cell pellets were collected by centrifugation (7000 rpm, 20 mins) and frozen in 50 mL Falcon tubes at -80°C for storage.

Purification

Procedure

The frozen cell pellet stored in a 50 ml Falcon tube obtained from 1L of culture was thawed by soaking in warm water, and resuspended in 40 mL lysis buffer (15.4 mM Tris HCl, 100 μ M ZnSO₄, 0.5 mM NaCl, and 15 mM imidazole, pH 8.5). The cell pellet was lysed by sonication (Branson Sonicator) on ice for 10 minutes total sonication time (10 sec pulses at half-maximal frequency with 10 second rest). The lysate was clarified by centrifugation for 20 min at 4°C. The supernatant was mixed with 2 mL of Ni²⁺ affinity beads per 40 mL lysate. The mixture was incubated with mixing for 20 minutes at 4°C. The lysate was spun at 2000 rpm for 6 minutes, and the supernatant was decanted. The remaining resin was resuspended and washed twice with lysis buffer, followed by two washes with 5 mL of cold wash buffer (15.4 mM Tris HCl, 100 μ M ZnSO₄, 0.5 mM NaCl, and 30 mM imidazole, pH 8.5). The washed resin was transferred to a gravity filter column and further washed with 2 mL of wash buffer. Samples were eluted from the resin by exposure to 5 mL of elution buffer (15.4 mM Tris HCl, 100 μ M ZnSO₄, 0.5 mM NaCl, and 500 mM imidazole, pH 8.5). Buffer exchange & protein concentration. The purified protein was exchanged from elution buffer into Tris-based NMR buffer (10 mM Tris HCl, 300 mM NaCl, 1 mM Benzamidine, 0.01% NaN₃, 0.01 mM ZnSO₄, 10 mM DTT, 10% D₂O, and 90% H₂O, pH 7.0) by ultracentrifugation using 5 mL concentrators with a 5,000 molecular weight cut-off (VivaSpin 2 MES) at 3000 rpm, resulting in a final volume of 300 μ l (final protein concentration of 0.5 mM). The concentrated protein was transferred to a 5 mm Shigemi NMR tube.

Extraction

Procedure

Concentration:

Ligand

MassSpec:

Crystallization:

NMR Spectroscopy: A series of spectra (3D 1H-13C NOESY, 3D 1H-15N NOESY, 2D 1H-13C Constant Time HSQC, 3D HNCO, 3D HNCA, 3D CBCA(CO)NH, 3D HBHA(CO)NH, 3D (H)CCH-TOCSY, and 3D H(C)CH-TOCSY) were generated using 600MHz and 800Mhz Bruker AVANCE spectrometers. NMR data was processed and analyzed using NMRPipe, MDDGUI, Sparky, FMCGUI, TALOS, CYANA, CNS, and PSVS.

Data Collection:

Data Processing: